

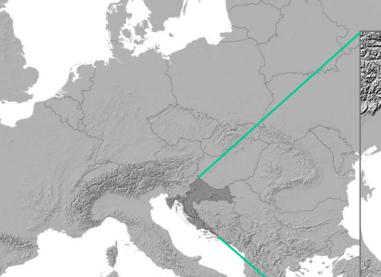
Archaeometry of ceramics from the second half of the 6th and the first half of the 7th century in Podravina – case study Torčec and Hlebine

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Torčec-Prečno pole Hlebine-Dedanovice

The continuity of the settlement of this area is documented from the turn of the 6th and the beginning of the 7th century to the end of the 13th and the beginning of the 14th century. TAJANA SEKELJ IVANČAN

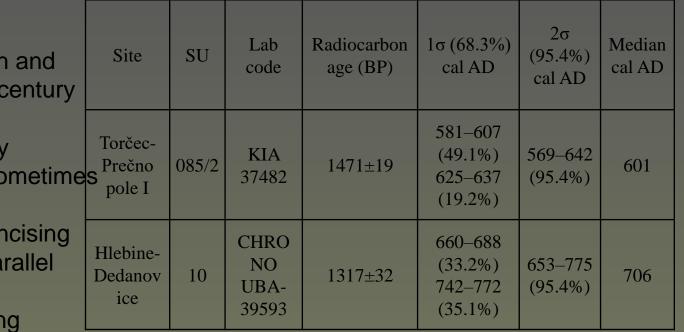
PODRAVINA U RANOM SREDNJEM VIJEKU





PHASE 1

- Date
- second half of the 6th and beginning of the 7th century
- Characteristics of pottery
- coarse fabric pots, sometimes potential pot
- some decorated by incising multiple wavy and parallel lines
- hand-build, by drawing technique (vertical finger marks on inner walks)





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Hlebine-Dedanovice

PHASE 2

Date

 first half and mid-7th /to mid-8th century

Characteristics of pottery

- coarse fabric pots
- decorated by incising multiple waves and parallel lines with a brush
- Made by using rotation (circular imprint on base, wheel-coiled)

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	Site	SU	Lab code	Radiocarbon age (BP)	1σ (68.3%) cal AD	2σ (95.4%) cal AD	Median cal AD
	Torčec- Prečno pole I	096b	KIA 37484	1465±24	584-610 (36.6%) 617-640 (31.6%)	568-645 (95.4%)	607
		037	KIA 28648	1439±22	605-642 (68.3%)	591-652 (95.4%)	622
		104	KIA 37483_	1433±34	604-646 (68.3%)	576-658 (95.4%)	622
		094	-KIA 41462	1365±21	650-665 (68.3%)	641-680 (93.5%) 750-759 (1.9%)	658
Dec	bine- tanovi ce	27	CHRON O UBA- 39591	BP 1363±29	645-675 (68.3%)	606-625 (4.4%) 636-689 (79.3%) 742-774 (11.8%)	660



Sampling strategy

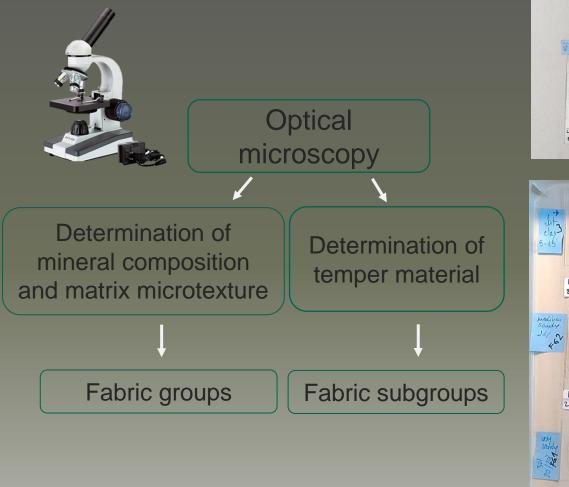
- For the archaeometric analysis, 42 vessels from two sites Torčec-Prečno pole I (20 samples) and Hlebine-Dedanovice (22 samples) were selected.
- The sampling is based on vessels' technological and morphological characteristics categorised into phase 1 (27 samples) and phase 2 (15 samples).
- It includes 40 samples of coarse fabric pots and 2 samples of shallow platters.

Research objectives

- to determine the mineral and petrographic features of ceramic matrix,
- the type and characteristics of temper material deliberately added by potter,
- determine the availability of raw materials,
- determine if there is variability in pottery recipes.



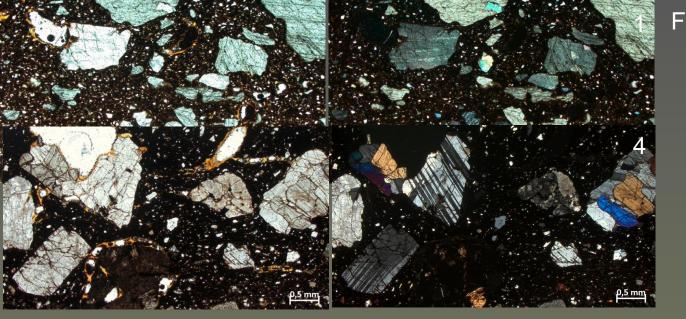
Analytical method



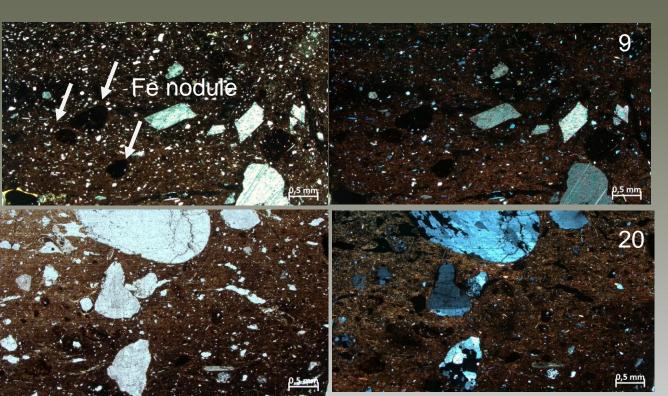




Thin sections were prepared at the Laboratory for the analysis of geological materials at the Department of Mineralogy, Petrology and Mineral Resources at the Faculty of Mining, Geology, and Petroleum Engineering in Zagreb.



Fabric group 1 Matrix



Fabric group 2

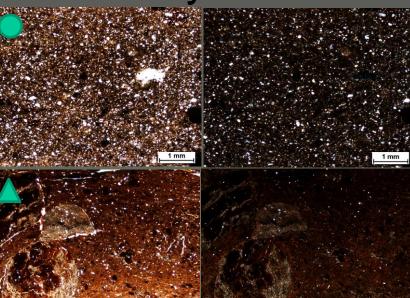
Fabric group 3

Photomicrographs of thinsections from the Torčec site (right photo XPL)

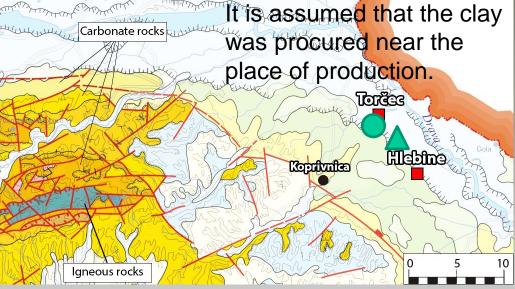
Availability of raw material – CLAY

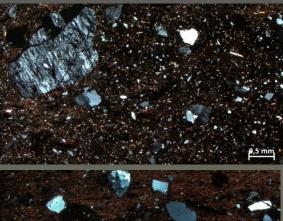
Sandy clay

Inclusions poor (fat) clay



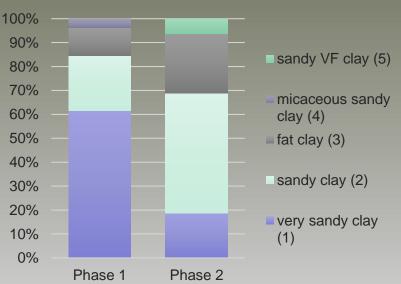
Photomicrographs of fired briquets made of local clay (Kudelić 2018)



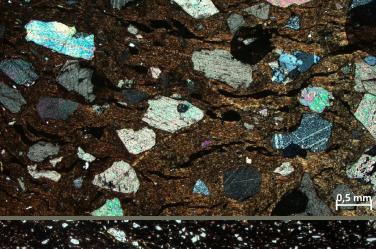


Early medieval ceramics

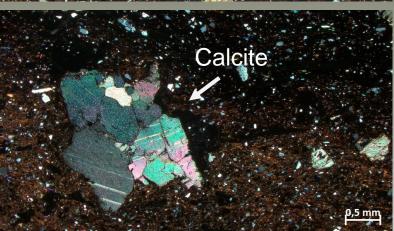
from Torčec and Hlebine



Temper material

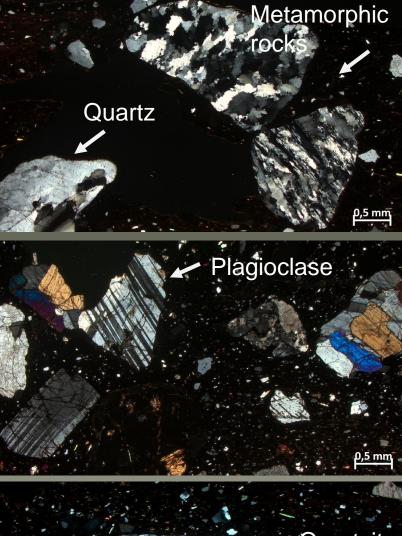


Calcite <u>P.5 mm</u>



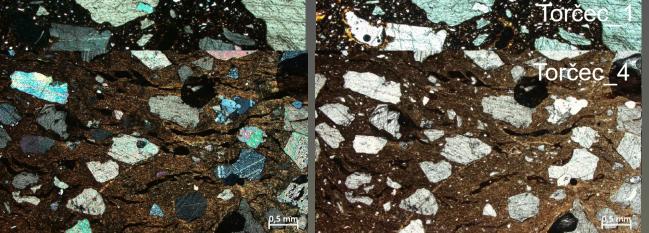
Subangular calcite fragments

> Igneous rocks 🔨



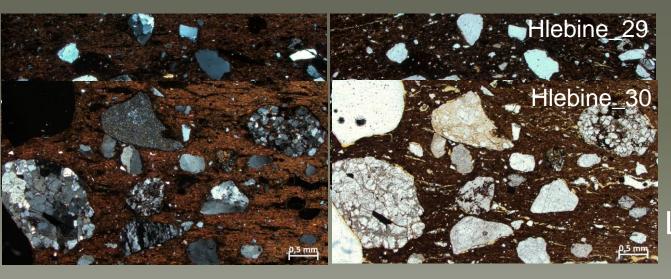
Quartzite

0,5 mm



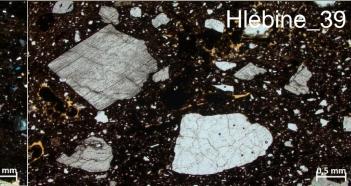
Pottery recipes

Calcite tempered



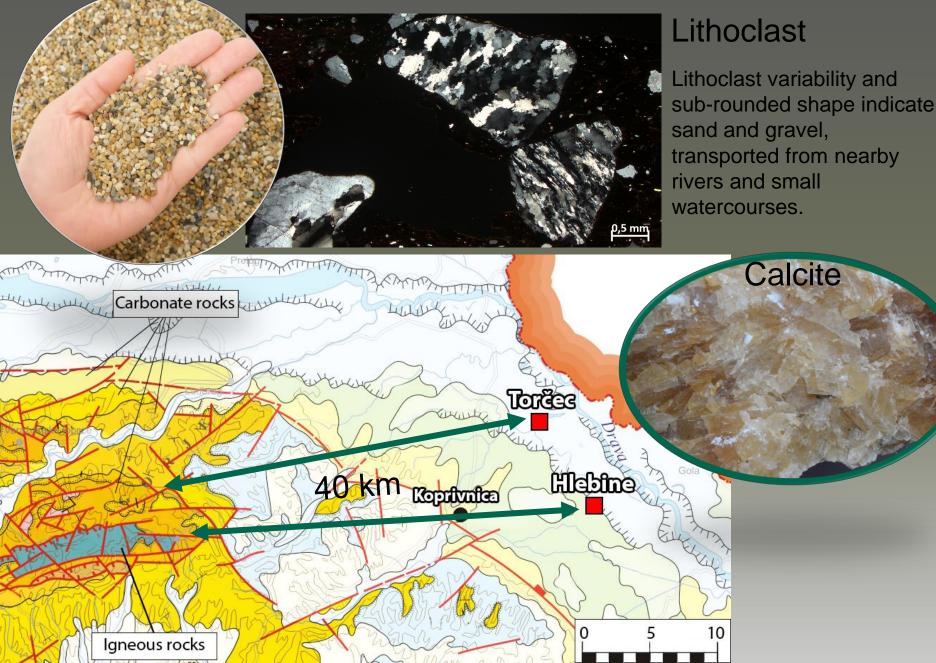
Lithoclast tempered

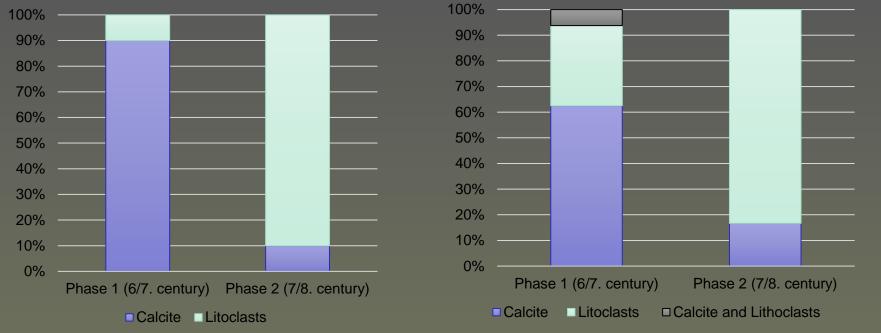




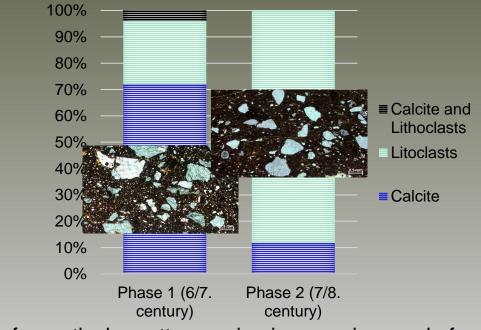
Calcite and Lithoclast tempered

Availability of raw material – TEMPER





Proportion of a particular potters recipe in ceramic sample from Torčec (left) and Hlebine (right)



Proportion of a particular potters recipe in ceramic sample from both sites

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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